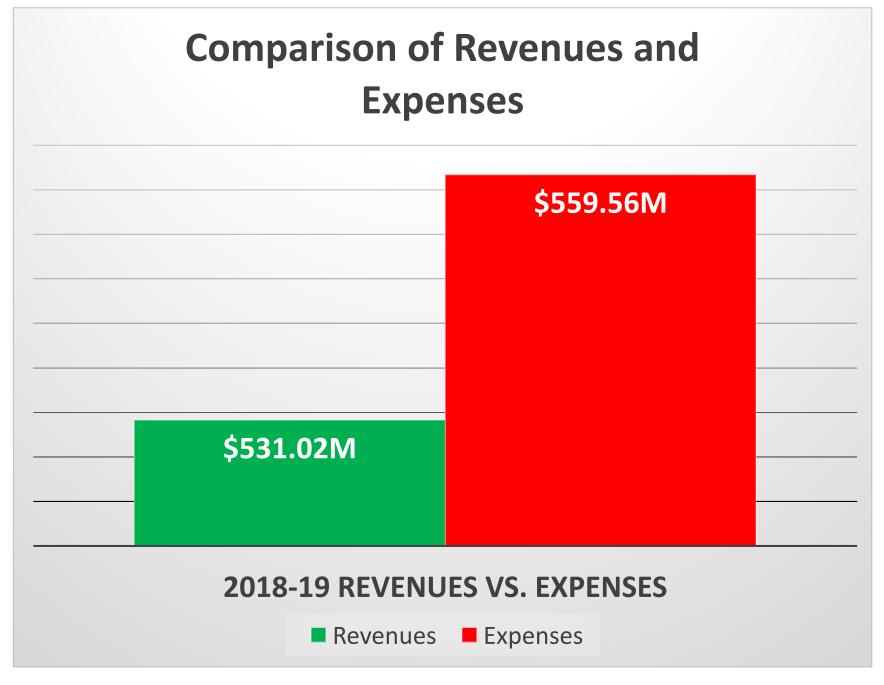
Sacramento City Unified School District 2018-19 Budget Proposal

June 21, 2018

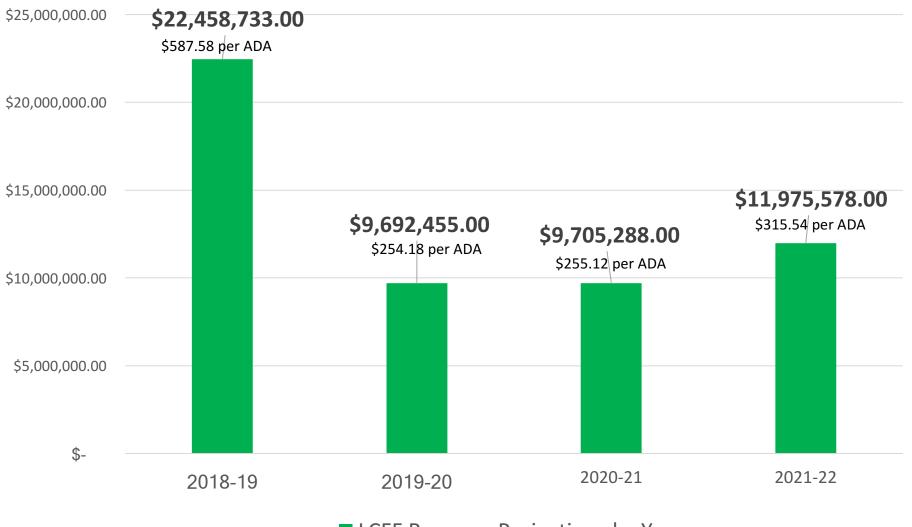
Overview

- Budget revenue projections are based on the Governor's May Revise numbers per the recommendation of the Sacramento County Office of Education which provides fiscal oversight of the district.
- Expense projections are based on what we know today.
 Expense amounts could change after the budget is adopted.
- The district has 45 calendar days after adopting a budget to revise it based on the Governor's final signed budget.
- Call for Independent Financial Audit



Data Source: California Department of Finance

Challenge 1: Less LCFF Future Funding Increases



LCFF Revenue Projections by Year

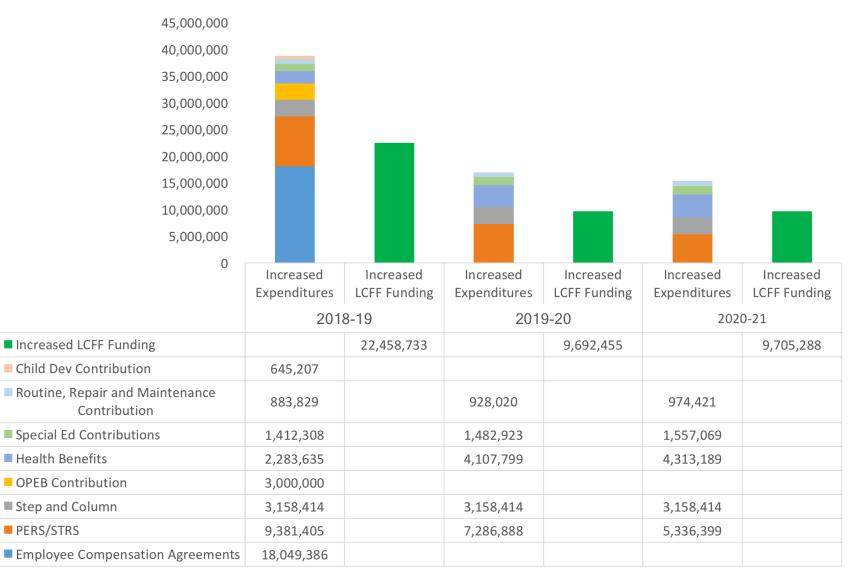
Data Source: California Department of Finance and School Services of California

Are Current LCFF Revenues Sufficient To Cover Expenses?

Estimated Revenues	Amount
New 2018-19 LCFF Revenue (Ongoing)	\$22,458,733
New 2018-19 Discretionary Revenue (One-Time)	\$13,270,760

Total Revenue Increases\$35,729,493

Challenge 2: Costs Are Increasing And Outpace LCFF Revenue Increases



Data Sources: California Department of Finance, CalPERS, CalSTRS, Sacramento City USD

No Revenues Are Left After Paying 2018-19 General Fund Required Expenses

Additional LCFF Revenue for 2018-19 (Ongoing)	\$22,458,733
One-time Discretionary Funds	\$13,270,760
Total Revenues	\$35,729,493

General Fund Unrestricted Required/Statutory Cost Increases	Amount
Projected Increase in Step and Column - Certificated	(\$2,512,848)
Projected Increase in Step and Column - Classified	(\$645,566)
Projected Increase in Health Benefit costs - 3%	(\$2,283,635)
Increase in STRS Contribution	(\$6,700,184)
Increase in CalPERS Contribution	(\$2,681,221)
Increase Contribution to Special Ed	(\$1,412,308)
Increase Contribution to Child Development Fund	(\$645,207)
Increase Contribution to Routine, Repair, and Maintenance	(\$883,829)
Agreements for Employee Compensation	(\$18,049,386)
OPEB (Retirement Health Benefits)	(\$3,000,000)
Total Required/Statutory Cost	(\$38,814,184)
Increase in Statutory Cost and Settlements are greater than Increase in	
Revenues*	(\$3,084,691)

Increasing Pension Expenses Expected To Outpace Ongoing LCFF Revenue



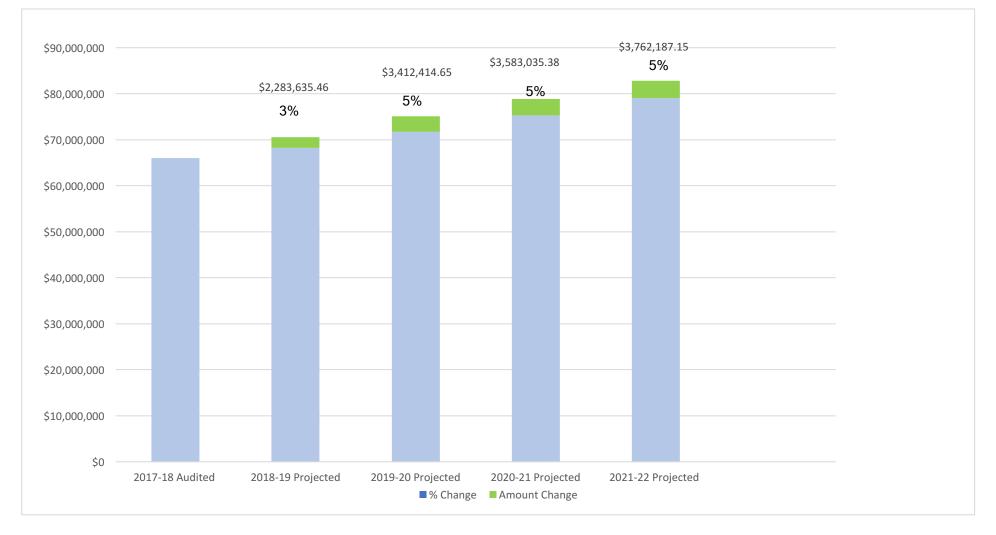
Data Source: CalPERS and CalSTRS

Increased District Health Costs An Average Of 6.5% In Past 5 Years



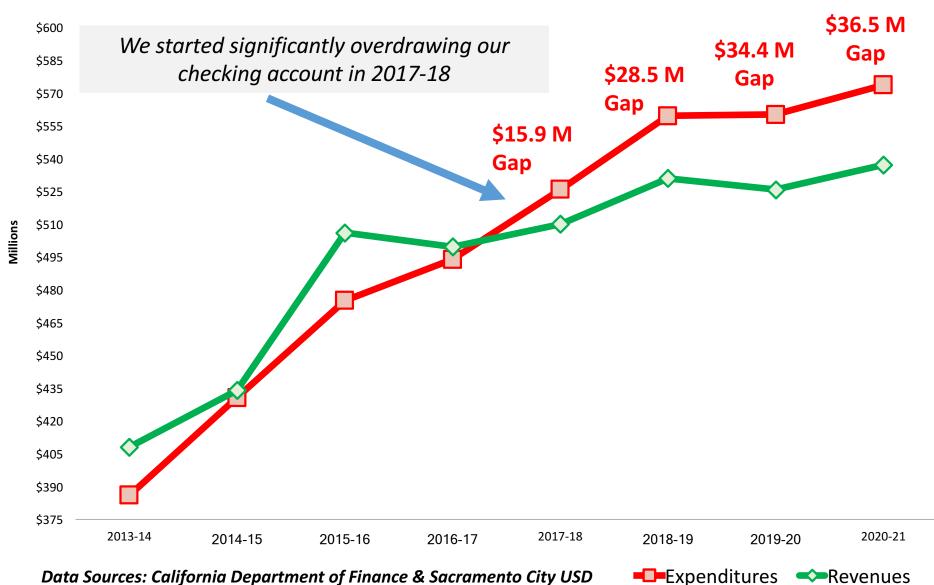
Source: Sacramento City Unified School District Audited Annual Reports - <u>http://www.scusd.edu/financial-presentations-information</u>

Future Health Cost Projections Outpace Future LCFF Revenues



Cost Projections Source: California HealthCare Foundation March 2017 Report "<u>California Employer Health Benefits: Prices Up, Coverage Down</u>" which presents data compiled from the 2016 California Employer Health Benefits Survey.

Challenge 3: Gaps Between Expenses and Revenues

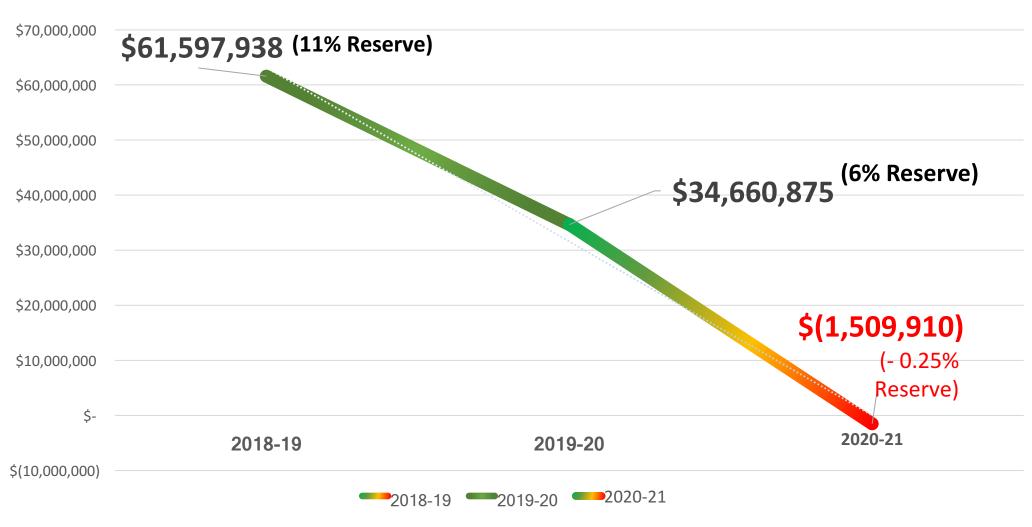


Data Sources: California Department of Finance & Sacramento City USD

Revenues

Challenge 4: Effect on Reserves

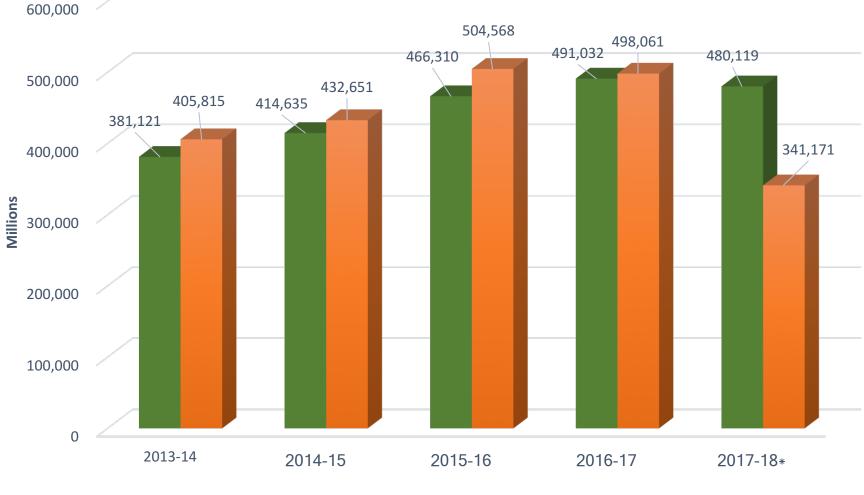
In order to pay our expenses we have draw from our reserves. This will bring our reserve down to \$34.6M in 2018-19. If this continues, we will wipe out our reserves in 2 years.



2% reserve amounts to \$10,762,555 in 2019-20 and \$10,663,864 in 2020-21 12

How Revenue & Expenses Are Calculated And Projected

Adopted Revenue vs. Actual Revenue Based on Independent Financial Audit Findings*



Adopted Budget Actuals

* 2017-18 Year-End does not close until late August. Crowe Horwath is the independent auditor.

Source: SCUSD audited financial reports: <u>http://www.scusd.edu/financial-presentations-information</u>

Fluidity Of Budget Decisions Is Why Districts Are Advised By SCOE To Use May Revise Data

June 7 th	June 12 th	June 13 th
May Revise additional LCFF projected to be \$395,472,932	Tentative budget deal reached and LCFF projected to be \$397,268,501	Tentative budget deal reportedly includes an Increase on LCFF-COLA
One time funds projected to be \$13,270,760	One time funds now projected to be only \$6,482,112	Amount of Increase on LCFF-COLA is \$836,585
Total state funding to district projected to be \$408,743,692	Total state funding to district projected to be \$403,750,613	Total state funding to district projected to be \$404,587,198

Net Loss Compared May Revise \$4.156 M

Budget Revenues Are Constantly Changing

2016-17 General	June 2016	October 2016 1 st	January 2017	September 2017
Fund Revenues	Adopted	Interim	2 nd Interim	Actuals
TOTAL REVS	\$491,032,371	\$506,945,144	\$511,152,837	\$498,061,477

The Adopted Budget Revenues are less than 1st Interim because:

- The Board adopts it budget based on May Revise projections, but state budget is not final until June 30th.
 The 1st interim is when the final state budget numbers are known (which may include one-time funds) and the district's books are closed for the previous year.
- Changes due to closing the 2015-16 Fiscal Year and including carryover such as \$2M in Title I, \$11.4 M in Emergency Repair Program, \$2.5 in CTE Incentive grant.

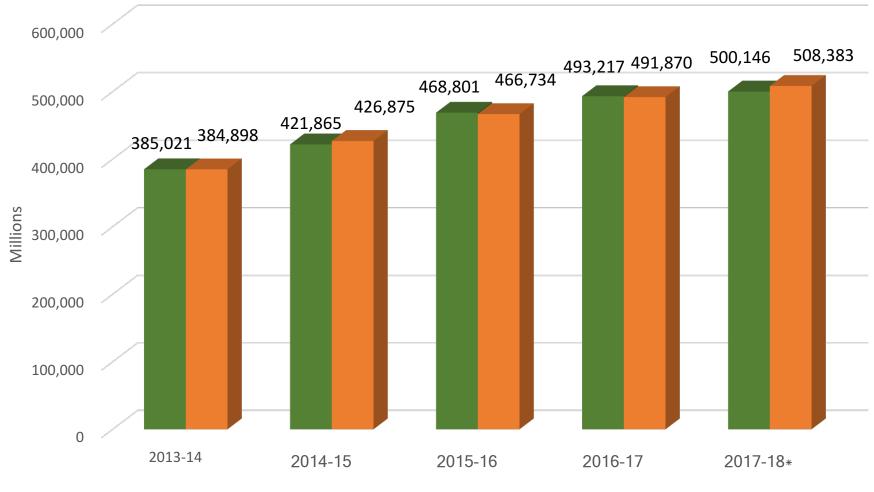
The 2nd Interim Revenues do not have much variance with the 1st Interim Revenues because there is more predictability at this point in the cycle. The changes that occurred were because:

• Budget was adjusted as grants and revenues were received (i.e. \$3.3M SIG grant and \$0.9M in Leases and Rentals)

The Actual Revenues are different by \$7 million (\$491M vs. \$498M) from the Adopted Budget Revenues because:

- Actual carryover is higher than originally estimated. For example, the carryover for the Emergency Repair funds was originally estimated at \$13.4M. Actual revenue received was \$20.4 M, a difference of \$7M.
- The Actual LCFF is based on final ADA, 38,905.79, numbers instead of estimated ADA , 38,869.70, at adopted, a decrease of \$2.4 M due to a drop in our unduplicated percentage. 17

Adopted Expenses vs. Actual Expenses Based On Independent Audit Findings*



Adopted Budget Actuals

* 2017-18 shows Actuals and Encumbrances. Crowe Horwath is independent auditor.

Actual Expenditures are very close to Adopted Budget Expenditures. Actuals Expenditures are greater than adopted budget in four of the five years.

Budget Expenses Also Constantly Changing

2016-17 General Fund Expenses	June 2016 Adopted	October 2016 1 st Interim	January 2017 2 nd Interim	June 2017 Unaudited Actuals
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$493,216,616	\$513,658,427	\$511,635,571	\$491,870,201

What changed between June 2016 and October 2016 (\$493M v. \$513M):

- 1st Interim reflects State Adopted budget rather than May Revision
- Also includes the 2015-16 Carryover of \$18.3M.

What changed between October 2016 and January 2017 (\$513.6M v. \$511.6M):

- Budget was adjusted for salary savings due to vacancies totaling \$4.0M
- When grant funding comes through, such as the \$3.3M SIG grant received after 1st Interim, it is recorded on the 2nd Interim.

What changed between June 2016 and June 2017 (\$493.2M v. \$491.8M):

• Very little variance. Only \$1.3M difference or 0.002%.

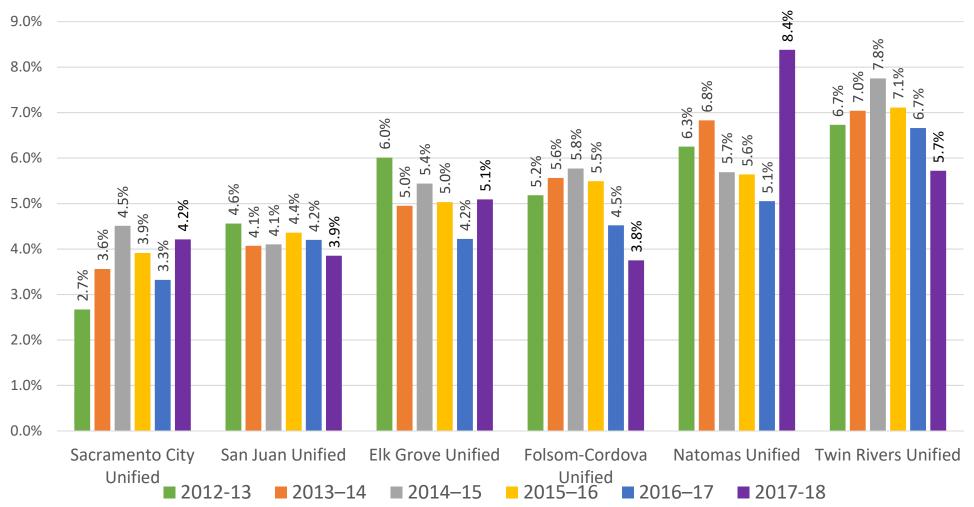
Assessment of Revenue Generating and Cost Savings Options

Revenue Generating Options – How Likely or Viable is Each?

Revenue Generating Option	Potential Amount of Revenue Increase	How likely or viable of an option is this to help us avoid receivership by 2020-21?
Increasing enrollment by 2018-19	5,485 students would generate over \$28.5 M for the fiscal year to close deficit.	Very unlikely. Would require massive influx of students to the district.
New developments—Delta Shores, Railyards, others.	Nothing until 2028.	Not a viable option. Revenue increases won't materialize until 2028.
Increased revenues and/or one-time funds from the state	Projections for increased LCFF are already calculated in our district projections.	Large increases in future LCFF very unlikely. Cannot depend on this to make projections.
2020 Parcel Tax Increase Measure on Ballot	\$6 million	Not viable short-term solution. If passed, revenues wouldn't arrive in time to avoid receivership.

Cost Saving Options for Reducing \$28.5M Deficit for 2018-19

Percentage of Administrative Expenses Allocated to Central Office*



Source: https://www.cde.ca.gov/fg/ac/ic/documents/icr1415to1819.xlsx		2017-18
*NOTE: Information reported each fiscal year is from 2 years prior.	Percentage of Central Positions	4.2%
	Cost of Central Positions	\$ 13,895,247.00

Amount of External Contract Expenses

Total Restricted & Unrestricted Funds

\$2,275,514

2018-19 Budget Recommendations

Distribution Of Expenses Per Dollar

81¢ Salaries & Benefits



12¢ Operational Expenses

6¢ Books & Supplies

1¢ Equipment

Every Dollar Saved Is A Dollar More For Our Students



Cost of Maintaining Existing Programs

2018 - 2019 Programs we have to fund out of our budget due to loss of funding

	Amount of Funding Lost		General Funds	
Induction Programs	\$	2,669,988	\$	1,050,000
New Technology High School	I \$	576,120	\$	300,000
Luther Burbank High School QEIA	\$	2,086,996	\$	800,000
Curriculum & Professional Development	t \$	750,000	\$	121,000
Student Support Sorviges	¢	249 502	¢	64 622
Student Support Services	Φ	348,503	\$	64,622
Total Funding to Replace Loss of Funding	\$	6,431,607	\$	2,335,622

Cost Of Maintaining Existing Programs That Cost More In 2018-19

2018 - 2019 Programs we have to fund out of our budget due to loss of funding

	Amount of Funding Lost	General Funds
Child Development	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 2,345,207
Youth Engagement	\$ 891,400	\$ 1,700,000
Career and Technical Education		\$ 850,000
Total Funding to Replace Loss of Funding	\$ 3,163,706	\$ 4,895,207

Proposed 2018-19 One-Time Investments In Equity, Access and Social Justice

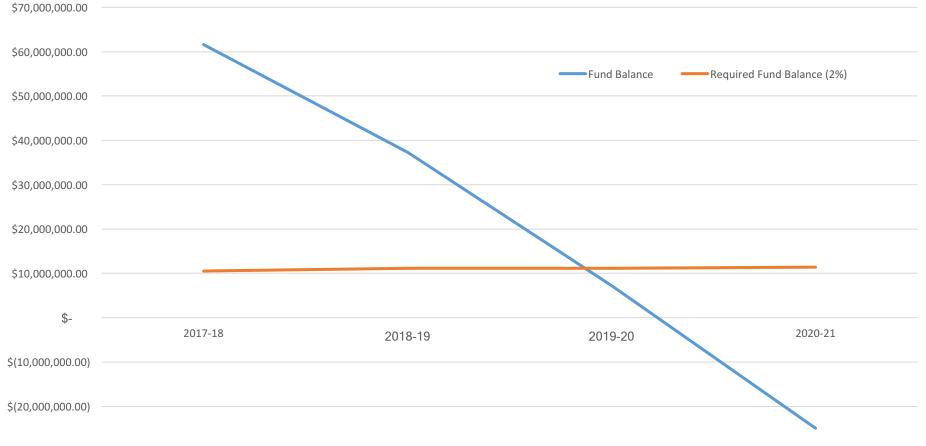
2018 - 2019 Programs added for Equity, Access, and Social Justice Guiding Principle			
Safe Haven – DACA Pipeline Credentialing Program	\$	50,000	
Expanding PSAT & SAT Assessments (Grades 8, 9, 10, 11)	\$	34,686	
Advance Placement and IB Testing (one-time) to offer 1,177 more AP exams to students		136,030	
Student Leadership Conferences	\$	50,000	
Grade Level Readiness Initiative (i.e. Grad Task Force, Low-Performing/High-Risk Student Interventions)		350,000	
Total Investments Added	\$	620,716	

2018-19 Proposed Expense Reductions

		• • • • • • • • •	
Areas where cost savings can	be achieved by	/ increasing	i reductions

Eliminating Expanded Learning Summer Program	\$ 3,000,000
Central office hiring freeze	\$ 500,000
Dual Immersion-Bilingual Aides Title 1 Funding Shift	\$ 360,000
Central office position cuts	\$ 165,000
Student services (travel & other non-service related costs)	\$ 150,000
Administrative mentorship	\$ 100,000
HR recruitment budget	\$ 5,000
Total Reductions	4,280,000

Long-Term Fund Balance Projections with 2018-19 Reductions



\$(30,000,000.00)

	Revenues	Deficit/Surplus	Fund Balance	Re	Required Fund Balance (2%)		
2017-18	\$ 510,017,684.00		\$ 61,597,938.00	\$	10,518,519.44		
2018-19	\$ 531,028,304.00	\$ (24,256,611.00)	\$ 37,341,327.00	\$	11,105,698.30		
2019-20	\$ 525,834,985.00	\$ (30,080,365.00)	\$ 7,260,962.00	\$	11,118,307.00		
2020-21	\$ 537,150,366.00	\$ (32,218,301.00)	\$ (24,957,339.00)	\$	11,387,373.34		

Next Steps

- Budget revenue projections will be updated after final state budget is signed by the Governor.
- District will close 2017-18 Fiscal Year and add any carryover.
- District has 45 days after adopting a budget to revise it based on the Governor's final signed budget and other changes.