

African American Achievement Taskforce DRAFT

Meeting #5 October 23, 2018 Serna Center Pennsylvania Community Room

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Agenda

- 1. Welcome and Review
- 2. Review of Roles, Responsibilities, and Commitments
- 3. Refined data for Sacramento City Unified School District
- 4. Revisit Problem Statements
- 5. Crosswalk Solutions/Research to Problem Statements
- 6. Finalize Focus Groups
- 7. Public Comment
- 8. Plus/Delta
- 9. Wrap Up

Every system is perfectly designed to get the results that it gets

SCUSD CORE VALUE

We recognize that our system is inequitable by design and we vigilantly work to confront and interrupt inequities that exist to level the playing field and provide opportunities for everyone to learn, grow and reach their greatness.

SCUSD GUIDING PRINCIPLE

All students are given an equal opportunity to graduate with the greatest number of postsecondary choices from the widest array of options

Defining Equity, Access and Social Justice

- Equity, Access, and Social Justice requires displaying data in real-time in such a way that data triggers a moral call to action irrespective of parent advocacy or (in)ability to navigate our Sac City Unified School District
- Equity, Access, and Social Justice act as a "check and balance" to ensure that "downdrafting" practices, procedures, processes, and traditions are identified and researched to determine the purpose of their continued use
- Equity, Access, and Social Justice is about respecting the value of data and establishing a continuous improvement and accountability framework that is transparent and looks at data by student, by name, by need, and by *inequity and injustice*!

Taskforce Member Expectations

- Commit to consistent and regular attendance and complete required pre-work and homework assignments
- Remain engaged during all work sessions
- Respect the advisory nature of the taskforce
- Be a critical friend but remain hopeful that the taskforce work will accomplish something important
- Other?

Task Force Members

- Julius Austin
- Benita Ayala
- Dr. Stacey Ault
- Lynn Berkley-Baskin
- Mike Breverly
- Cassandra Jennings
- Gail Johnson
- Michael Lynch
- Dr. Hazel Mahone
- Hasan McWhorter
- Cecile Nunley
- Jackie Rose
- Marcus Strother
- Gavin Veiga
- Nayzak Wali-Ali
- Darryl White
- Kim Williams

Sacramento Housing and Redevelopment Agency SCUSD parent of student with disabilities California State University, Sacramento Sacramento NAACP SEIU **Greater Sacramento Urban League** Father Keith B. Kenny Elementary School Improve Your Tomorrow Vision 2000 Sacramento City Teachers Association Retired School District Chief Business Officer Focus on the Family Youth Development **SCUSD Student Representative** Sacramento Youth Commissioner Black Parallel School Board **Building Healthy Communities**

Refined Comparative Data

Graduation Rates

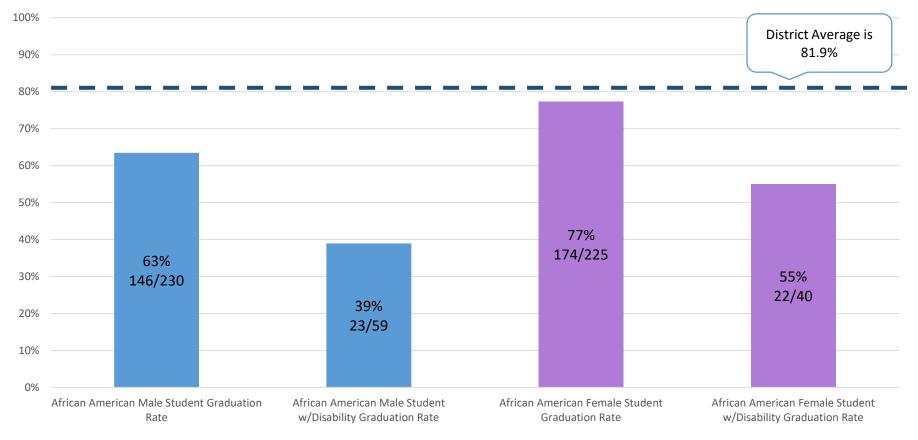
CSU/UC Eligibility

Teacher Demographics

Number of Students Per Grade Level Suspension Rates

Data excludes independent charter schools

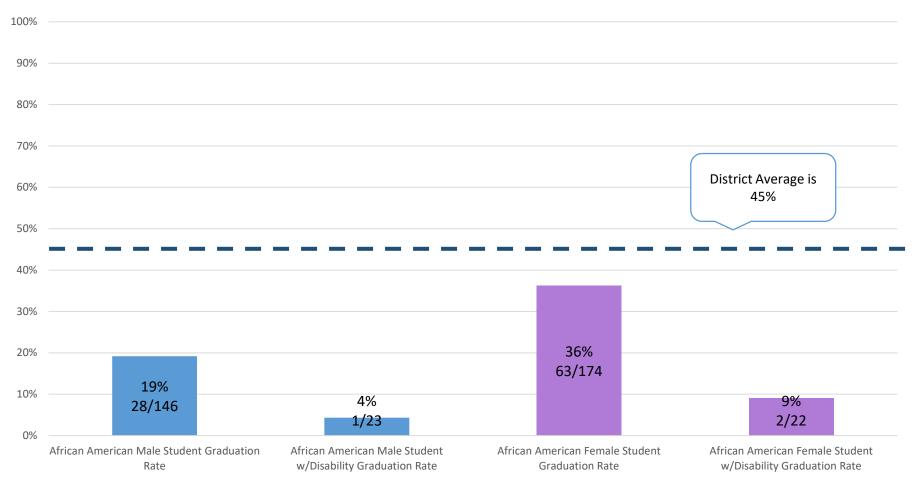
2016-17 SCUSD African American Student Graduation by Gender, Disability, and Foster Youth



| | Cohort Students | Regular HS Diploma Graduates | Cohort Graduation Rate |
|---|------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| African American Male Students | 230 | 146 | 63% |
| African American Female Students | 225 | 174 | 77% |
| African American Male Students w/Disability | 59 | 23 | 39% |
| African American Female Students w/Disability | 40 | 22 | 55% |

Source: CDE Cohort Outcome Data via the Tech Services Department. Foster Youth not included to protect student privacy, due to having less than 11 students in a category.

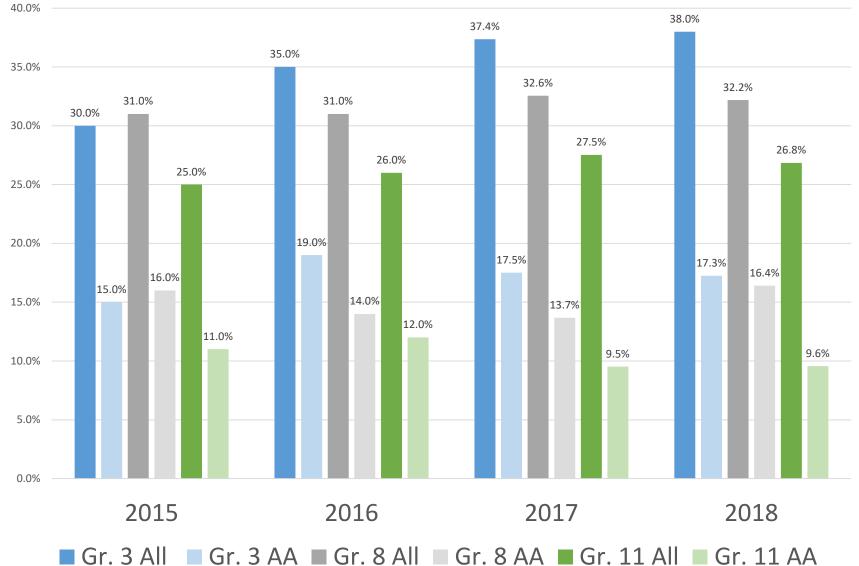
2016-17 SCUSD African American Graduates Completing UC/CSU Coursework by Gender, Disability, and Foster Youth



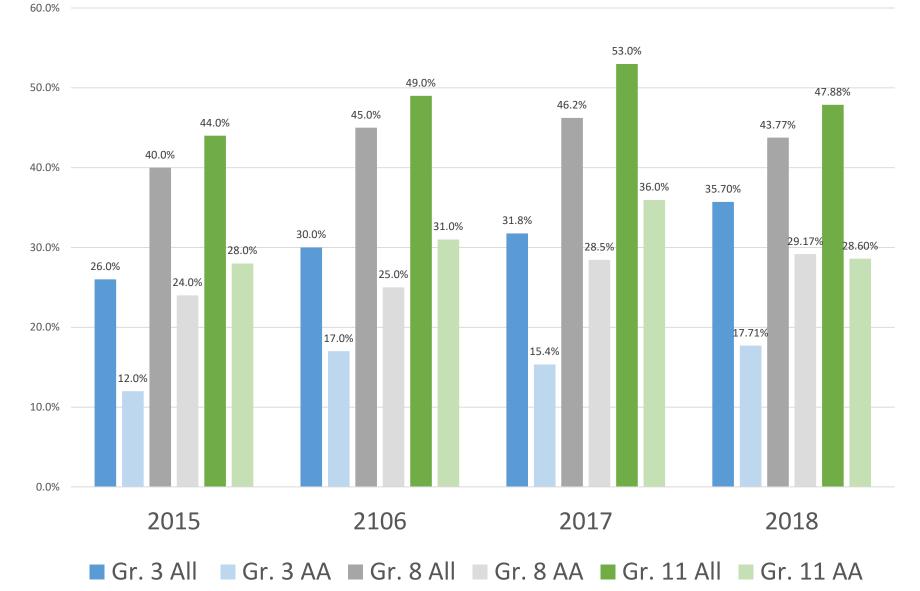
Source: CDE Cohort Outcome Data via the Tech Services Department. Foster Youth not included to protect student privacy, due to having less than 11 students in a category.

Note: This UC/CSU coursework completion information is based on the 4-year adjusted cohort. Beginning with the 2016-17 school year, the CDE now reports the number of students who graduated who with a regular high school diploma and who also completed coursework that makes them eligible for UC/CSU admission. Prior to 2016-17, the CDE only reported UC/CSU coursework completion rates based on the 1-year graduation rate. Because the 1-year rate includes graduates who took more than 4 years to graduate, the UC/CSU rate based on this data did not reflect the impact of school's efforts to prepare their students for postsecondary choices and options as well as the UC/CSU completion rate based on the 4-year adjusted cohort data.

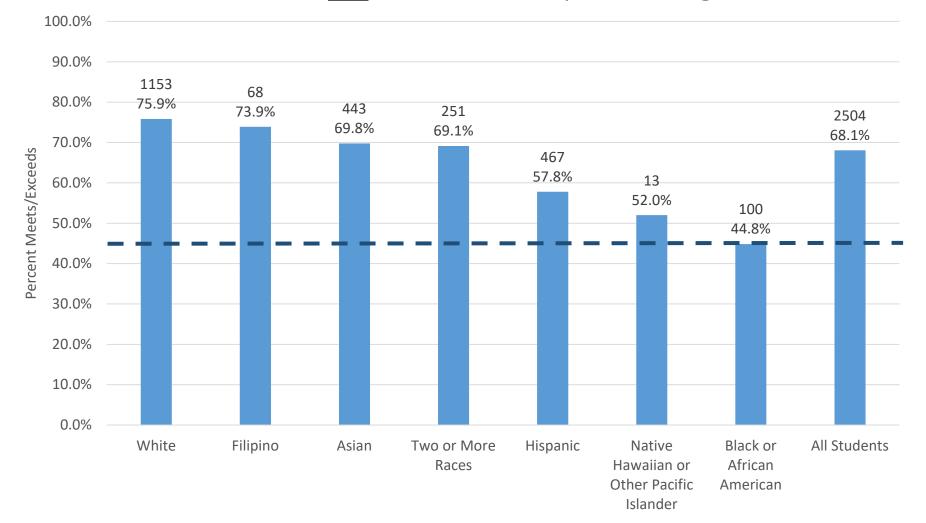
SBAC MATH Standard Met or Standard Exceeded



SBAC ELA Standard Met or Standard Exceeded

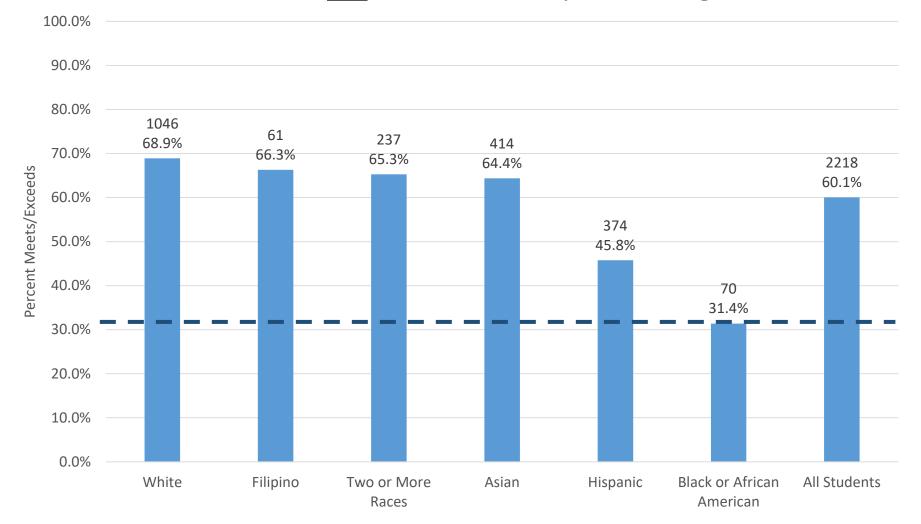


2016-17 SBAC <u>ELA</u> Meets/Exceeds Standards Percentage for Students with 96% or Greater Attendance, With <u>No</u> Suspensions, and Who Are <u>Not</u> Socioeconomically Disadvantaged

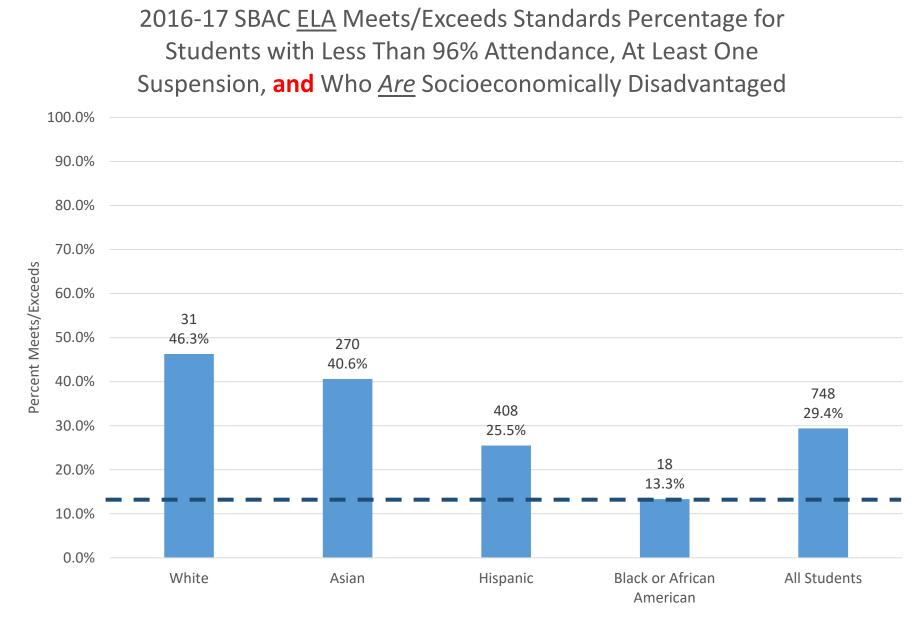


Students in district and dependent charter schools. The "Not Socioeconomically Disadvantaged" group here includes students whose parents have a high school or higher education diploma, *and* do <u>not</u> participate in the free or reduced lunch program. American Indian or Alaskan Native group not reported due to group size < 11.

2016-17 SBAC <u>Math</u> Meets/Exceeds Standards Percentage for Students with 96% or Greater Attendance, With <u>No</u> Suspensions, and Who Are <u>Not</u> Socioeconomically Disadvantaged

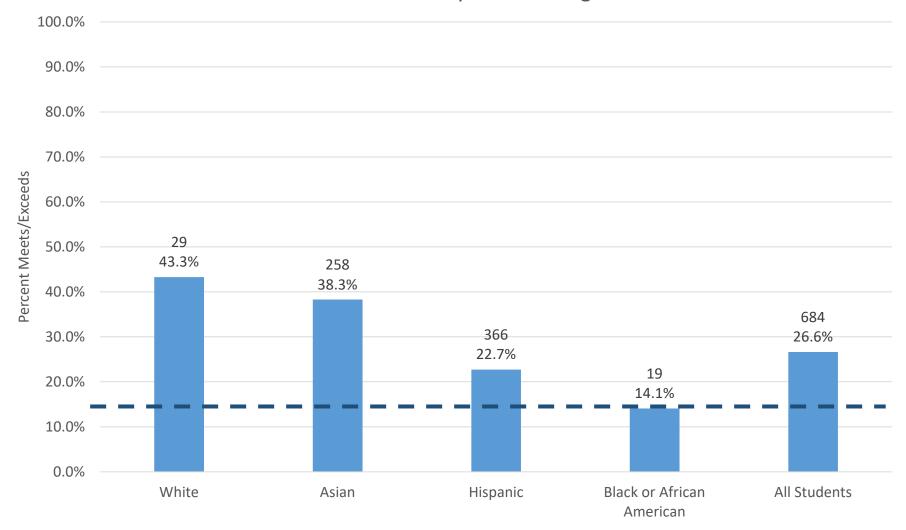


Students in district and dependent charter schools. The "Not Socioeconomically Disadvantaged" group here includes students whose parents have a high school or higher education diploma, *and* do <u>not</u> participate in the free or reduced lunch program. American Indian or Alaskan Native, and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander groups not reported due to group sizes < 11.



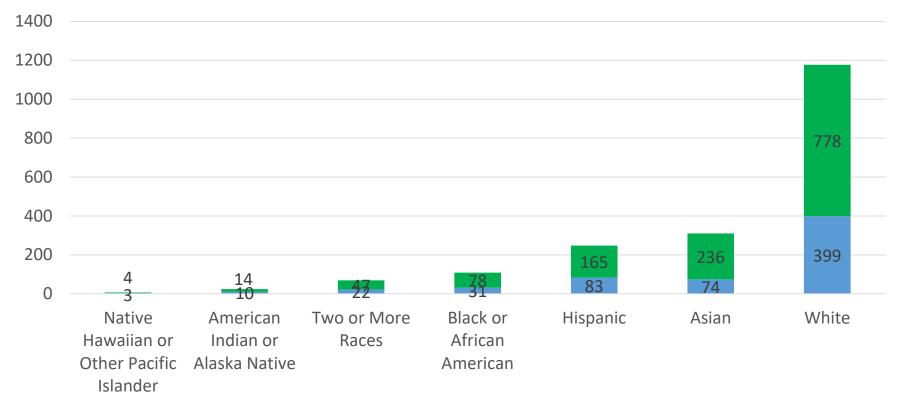
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2016-17 SBAC <u>Math</u> Meets/Exceeds Standards Percentage for Students with Less Than 96% Attendance, At Least One Suspension, and Who <u>Are</u> Socioeconomically Disadvantaged



Students in district and dependent charter schools. The "Not Socioeconomically Disadvantaged" group here includes students whose parents have a high school or higher education diploma, *and* do <u>not</u> participate in the free or reduced lunch program. American Indian or Alaskan Native, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, Filipino, and Two or More Races groups not reported due to group sizes < 11.

2017-18 Teacher Demographics by Gender & Ethnicity

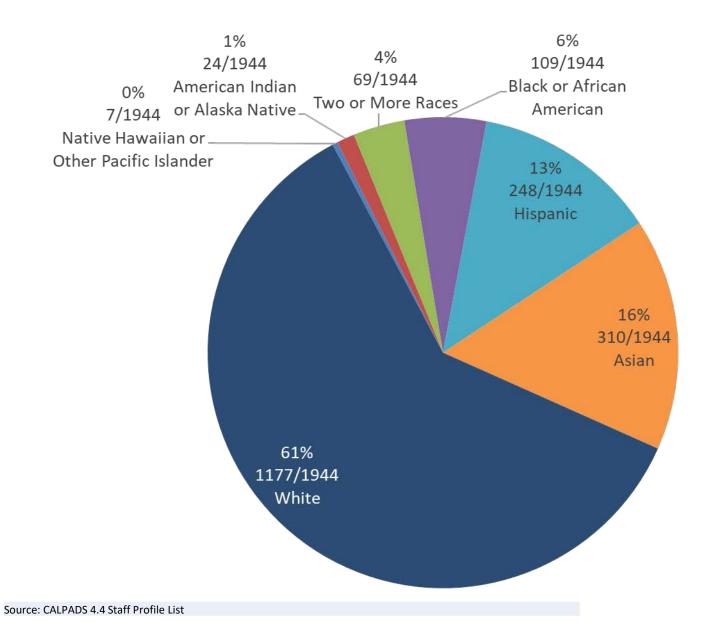


■ Male ■ Female

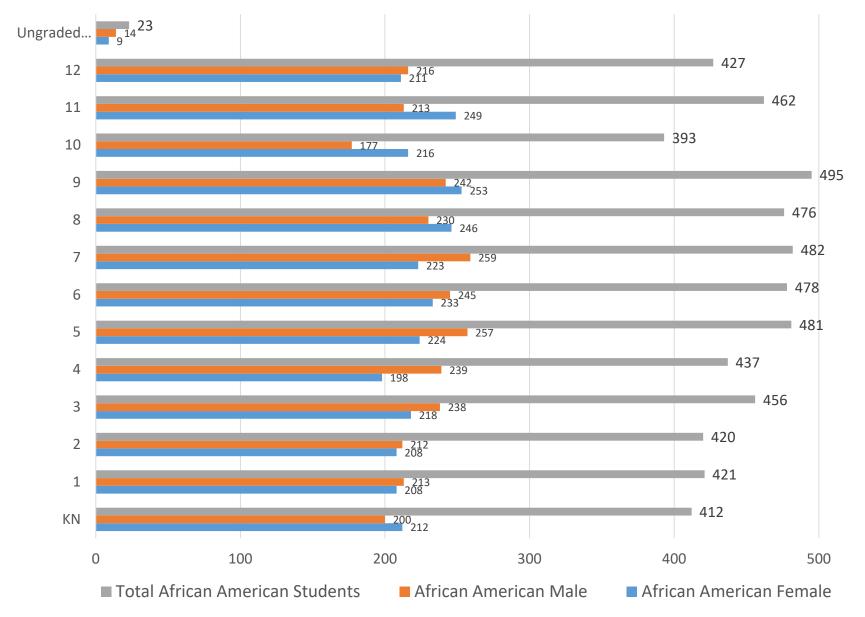
| | Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | American Indian or Alaska Native | Two or More Races | Black or African American | Hispanic | Asian | White |
|--------|--|---|-------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|-------|-------|
| Male | 3 | 10 | 22 | 31 | 83 | 74 | 399 |
| Female | 4 | 14 | 47 | 78 | 165 | 236 | 778 |

Source: CALPADS 4.4 Staff Profile List

Percentage of 2017-18 SCUSD Teachers by Ethnicity and Race



2017-18 African American Census Day Enrollment



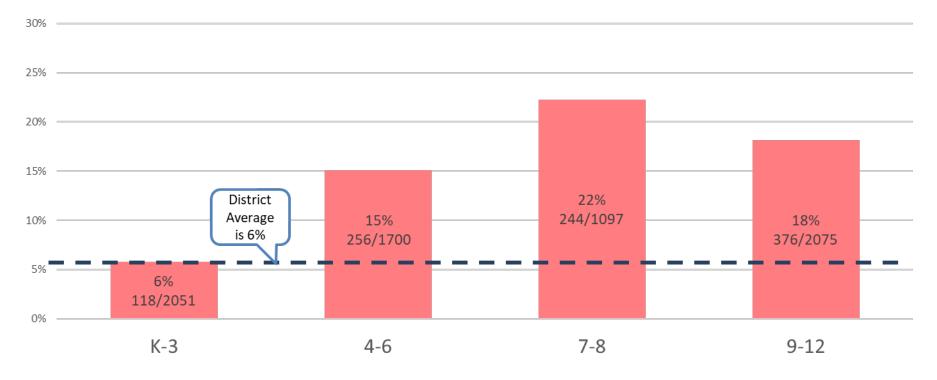
SCUSD Suspension Rate - African American Students 2016-17



| | | | | | Unduplicated Count of | % of Students % of Students | | |
|------------|---------|------------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| | | | Cumulative | Total | Students | Suspension | pension with One with Mult | |
| Grade Span | Gender | Ethnicity | Enrollment | Suspensions | Suspended | Rate | Suspension | Suspensions |
| К-З | Males | African American | 1043 | 208 | 98 | 9% | 45% | 55% |
| К-З | Females | African American | 1008 | 49 | 20 | 2% | 63% | 37% |
| 4-6 | Males | African American | 900 | 540 | 192 | 21% | 67% | 33% |
| 4-6 | Females | African American | 800 | 119 | 64 | 8% | 46% | 54% |
| 7-8 | Males | African American | 568 | 555 | 169 | 30% | 59% | 41% |
| 7-8 | Females | African American | 529 | 181 | 75 | 14% | 39% | 61% |
| 9-12 | Males | African American | 1048 | 610 | 230 | 22% | 53% | 47% |
| 9-12 | Females | African American | 1027 | 288 | 146 | 14% | 45% | 55% |

Source: 2016-17 CALPADS 8.1 (EOY3) and CALPADS 7.2 Student Lists

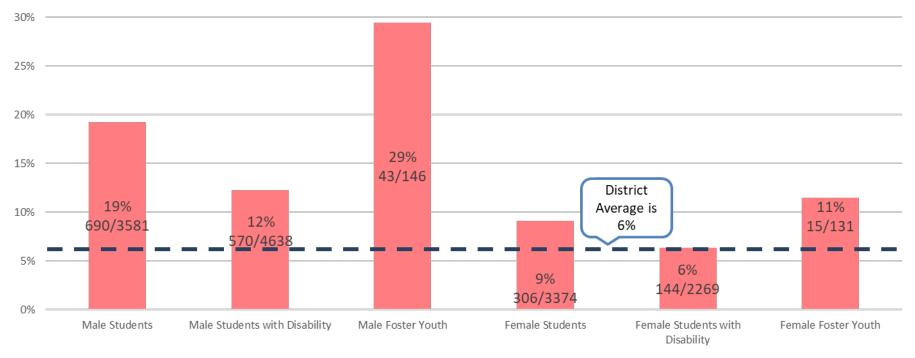
SCUSD Suspension Rate - African American Students 2016-17



| | | Unduplicated Count of % of Students % of Students Cumulative Total Students Suspension with One with Multiple | | | | | | |
|------------|------------------|---|-------------|-----------|------|------------|-------------|--|
| Grade Span | Ethnicity | | Suspensions | Suspended | Rate | Suspension | Suspensions | |
| К-З | African American | 2051 | 257 | 118 | 6% | 60% | 40% | |
| 4-6 | African American | 1700 | 659 | 256 | 15% | 52% | 48% | |
| 7-8 | African American | 1097 | 736 | 244 | 22% | 45% | 55% | |
| 9-12 | African American | 2075 | 898 | 376 | 18% | 48% | 52% | |

Source: 2016-17 CALPADS 8.1 (EOY3) and CALPADS 7.2 Student Lists

2016-17 SCUSD African American Student Suspension by Gender, Disability, and Foster Youth



| Demographic or Program Category | Ethnicity | Cumulative Enrollment | Total Suspensions | | Suspension | % of Students with One Suspension | % of Students with Multiple Suspensions |
|---------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|-------|------------|--|---|
| Male Students | African American | 3581 | 1914 | . 690 | 19% | 47% | 53% |
| Male Students with Disability | African American | 4638 | 761 | . 570 | 12% | 39% | 61% |
| Male Foster Youth | African American | 146 | 76 | 43 | 29% | 25% | 75% |
| Female Students | African American | 3374 | 639 | 306 | 9% | 57% | 43% |
| Female Students with Disability | African American | 2269 | 152 | 144 | 6% | 61% | 39% |
| Female Foster Youth | African American | 131 | 29 | 15 | 11% | 38% | 63% |

Source: 2016-17 CALPADS 8.1 (EOY3) and CALPADS 7.2 Student Lists, Foster Youth Status from CALPADS 1.18 Student List, as of Census Day

Development of Problem Statement

- What does the analysis of our District's data say relative to the needs of African American students?
 - 1. Consistent Underperformance (academic achievement indicators)
 - 2. Disproportionate Discipline, Suspension, Expulsion Rates
 - 3. Under preparation for college and career opportunities
- What is the data telling us about how effective our past efforts are in helping achieve this Initiative's objectives?

Culture and Climate

- 1. Suspension rate is
- 2. Chronic Absenteeism rate is ____ for AA students.
- 3. Staffing need to make sure that teachers are competent, present,
 - Hiring of AA teachers
- 4. Teacher preparation responsibility
 - More professional learning with new teachers
- 5. Cultural proficiency, growth mindset, adult SEL
- 6. Reassess teacher roles to ensure opportunity for PL, relationship building, classroom management, etc.
- 7. Leadership capacity building on relationship building
- 8. Mentoring MLA and others that provide focus,
- 9. Mentoring- for girls WLA
- 10. Opportunities for hands on learning, ROP, and opportunities for CTE opportunities
- 11. Professional development (for teachers and principals)
 - Implicit/explicit bias training
 - Facilitating groups/staff
 - Knowledge and awareness of SWD's and with IEPs
- 12. Student's sense of safety and belonging (e.g. in rigorous academic courses)
- 13. Lack of cultural appreciation
- 14. Coordination of practices across schools/segments (e.g. zero tolerance,)
- 15. Restorative practices as a process not an action Additional work
- 16. Resource inventory (who are the content experts that we know and have access to,)
- 17. Outreach and engagement of our AA families

Potential Next Steps

• Rank odder these

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Potential Next Steps

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Academic Achievement

"Homework"

- 1. Study the provided resources
- 2. Identify, list and be prepared to share possible "root causes" of both the Academic Achievement and Culture and Climate problem statements

"Homework" Resources

Culture & Climate

- Suspensions Rates by Districts in Sacramento County*
 - <u>https://www.newsreview.com/sacramento/why-is-</u> sacramento-failing-its/content?oid=26402481
- Why is Sacramento Failing its Black Students
 - <u>https://www.newsreview.com/sacramento/why-is-</u> sacramento-failing-its/content?oid=26402481
- <u>Racial Disproportionality in School Discipline: Implicit Bias</u> <u>is Heavily Implicated</u>
 - <u>http://kirwaninstitute.osu.edu/racial-</u> <u>disproportionality-in-school-discipline-implicit-</u> <u>bias-is-heavily-implicated/</u>
- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Policy Statement on Expulsion and Suspension Policies in Early Childhood Settings
 - <u>https://www2.ed.gov/policy/gen/guid/schooldiscipline/policy-statement-ece-expulsionssuspensions.pdf</u>
- Suspended Education: Urban Middle Schools in Crisis
 - <u>https://www.splcenter.org/sites/default/files/d6</u> <u>legacy_files/downloads/publication/Suspended</u> Education.pdf

Academic Achievement

- The Trouble with Black Boys: The Role and Influence of Environment and Cultural Factors on the Academic Performance of African American Males by Dr. Pedro Noguera
 - <u>http://www.inmotionmagazine.com/er/pntroub1.html</u>
- <u>Black Minds Matter: Supporting the Educational</u> <u>Success of Black Children in California – Full Report</u> (Supports both Problem Statements)
 - https://29v0kg31gs803wndhe1sj1hd-wpengine.netdnassl.com/wp-content/uploads/sites/3/2015/10/Ed-Trust-West-Black-Minds-Matter-FINAL-PDF.pdf
- Black Minds Matter: Supporting the Educational Success of Black Children in California Recommendations
 - https://29v0kg31gs803wndhe1sj1hd-wpengine.netdnassl.com/wp-content/uploads/sites/3/2015/10/Black-Minds-Matter-Report-REC.pdf

Link to Google Doc

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1BNh00wbHUXadUzPZ6AGAF3MtceskrPk0ME7X5Y75cFQ/edit?ts=5 bc9779b

Link Google Doc work to Data

Focus Group Development

1. Create the profile of appropriate focus group targets: a.Students b.Teachers c.Families d.Researchers e.Classified Employees f. Other

2. Determine the type of feedback that we would like from focus groups

3. Outline the logistics for the focus group sessions

Public Comment

PLUS/DELTA

Wrap Up

- Next Meeting
 - October 30th 6-8PM Serna
- Meeting day will be Tuesdays into December except for:
 - Wednesday, November 7th
 - Skip the Tuesday of Thanksgiving Week (No meeting on November 20th)
- Board updates will occur during the process
- December 20th Task Force recommendations to the board of education

THANK YOU

Start With Previous Recommendations

- Develop an Equity Policy
- Develop a multi-tiered system of support
- Developing grading policy/practice and structures to support student mastery
- Develop high quality communities of practice
- Create a systematic process for recruitment and hiring
- Teacher acknowledgement system
- Teacher/Principal evaluation system
- Expand existing family and community engagement programs and practices

Academic Achievement Draft Problem Statements

- 1. In SCUSD, the SWD graduation rate including all charter schools is 60% (245 of 408). AA SWD's are graduating at a rate of 50.5% (56 of 111). AA female SWD's are graduating at a higher rate (58.1%; 25 of 43) than AA males w/disabilities (45.6%; 31 of 68)
- In SCUSD the student graduation rate including all charter schools is 82.5% (2,450 of 2,969). For AA, the rate is 74.8% (409 of 547); 81.8% (229 of 280) of AA females and 67.4% (180 of 267) of AA males are graduating within four years
- 3. In SCUSD the four-year adjusted cohort A-G completion rate including all charter schools is 47.5% (1,164 of 2450). For AA students the rate is 43.5% (178 of 409); for AA females the A-G rate is 51.1% (117 of 229); and for AA males the rate is 33.9% (61 of 180)

Data from the 2016-2017 SBAC performance show the following:

- 4. In English Language Arts, (ELA), of the African American students in 3rd grade, only 15.3 percent met or exceeded standards (District = 31.7%). In grade 8, only 28.4% of AA students met/exceeded standards (District = 46.2%). In grade 11, only 35.9% met/exceeded standard (District = 53%).
- 5. In Math, of the African American students in 3rd grade only 17.51 percent met or exceeded standards (District = 37.3%). In grade 8, only 13.6% of AA students met/exceeded standards (District = 32.5%) In grade 11, only 9.5% met/exceeded standard (District = 27.5%).

Climate & Culture Draft Problem Statements

According to the <u>most recent data</u> from the U.S. Department of Education, 47 percent of the Pre-K -3rd grade students who received suspensions or expulsions in the 2016-17 school year were African American, even though they made up only 19 percent of Pre-K-3rd grade enrollment. In total, nearly 7,000 4- and 6-year-olds were suspended or expelled from public schools during the same school <u>year</u>.

Per the California Department of Education:

- 47 percent of the K-3rd grade SCUSD students who received suspensions or expulsions in the 2016-17 school year were African American, even though they made up only 15 percent of K-3rd grade enrollment.
- 46 percent of the 7th 8th grade students who received suspensions or expulsions in the 2016-17 school year were African American, even though they made up only 17 percent of 7th – 8th grade enrollment.
- 43 percent of the 6th 8th grade students who received suspensions or expulsions in the 2016-17 school year were African American, even though they made up only 19 percent of 6th – 8th grade enrollment.

Prioritizing Problem Statements *Culture & Climate*

Step 1: Identify and go to the area with the Problem Statement that you believe should be the Task Force's highest priority.

Step 2: Discuss with your group and develop rationale for choosing this problem statement.

Step 3: Share your group's rationale with the larger group.

Step 4: After hearing all groups' rationale, make a final choice of the Problem Statement that warrants the highest priority.

Potential PS Rationale **Culture & Climate**

• A child's early years set the trajectory for the relationships and successes they will experience for the rest of their lives, making it crucial that children's earliest experiences truly foster – and never harm – their development. As such, expulsion and suspension practices in early childhood settings, two stressful and negative experiences young children and their families may encounter in early childhood programs, should be prevented, severely limited, and eventually eliminated. High-quality early childhood programs provide the positive experiences that nurture positive learning and development.

Prioritizing Problem Statements *Academic Achievement*

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